Name.				Printed Pages:01		
Student Admn. No.:				Timeca	ages.01	
School of Biological and Life Sciences						
Summer Term Examination – July - August 2024						
[Programme: M.Sc. Microbiology/ Zoology] [Semester: II) [Batch:2023-2025]						
Course Title: Research Methodology			Max Marks: 100			
Course Code: P1PT204T		Time: 3 Hrs.				
Instructions: 1. All questions are compulsory.						
2. Assume missing data suitably, if any.						
			K		T	
		Level	COs	Marks		
SECTION-A (15 Marks) 5 Marks each						
1.	What are the key components that should be included in a synopsis writing, and how do they differ from those in a typical summary or abstract?		KL1	CO1	5	
2.	What factors might influence the choice of a particular sampling method in a research study?			CO2	5	
3.	Define incidence and prevalence in epidemiological studies. Explain how these measures differ and provide examples to illustrate their distinctions.		KL2	CO3	5	
SECTION-B (40 Marks) 10 Marks each						
	Discuss the significance of literature review in the context of writing a research			1 1		
4.	paper or thesis. How can writers effectively synthesize existing literature to support		KL3	CO1	10	
	their own research objectives and findings?					
5.	Assess the generalizability of research findings obtained using probability sampling		KL3	CO2	10	
J.	versus non-probability sampling.					
6.	Calculate the first quartile (Q1), third quartile (Q3), and the median (Q2) for the dataset: 15, 18, 20, 22, 25, 26, 28, 30, 32, 35.		KL3	CO4	10	
7.		consider when determining an appropriate level of significance for	1/1 /	COF	10	
	a hypothesis test. Explain how sample size, effect size, and the consequences of Type I and Type II errors influence the choice of significance level.		KL4	CO5		
SECTION-C (45 Marks) 15 Marks each						
	Explore the concept of weighted central tendency measures in biostatistics,					
8.		reighting factors influence the calculation of mean, median, and	KL4	CO3	15	
		ag examples of their application in biomedical research.				
9.	Compare and contrast the assumptions underlying the t-test, Z-test, and F-test.		KL4	G0.4	4.5	
	Discuss how violations of these assumptions may impact the validity of test results			CO4	15	
10	and the interpretation of statistical findings. Explain the concept of standard error in statistics. How does it differ from standard KL5					
	•	deviation? Given a sample of 100 students, with a mean exam score of 75 and a				
		ndard deviation of 10, calculate the standard error of the mean (SEM). Then,			15	
	using the SEM, determine the 95% confidence interval for the population mean					
	exam score.					