

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

**School of Engineering****B.TECH Electronics and Communication Engineering  
Mid Term Examination - May 2024****Duration : 90 Minutes  
Max Marks : 50****Sem IV - G2UA405T - Antenna and Wave Propagation**General Instructions*Answer to the specific question asked**Draw neat, labelled diagrams wherever necessary**Approved data hand books are allowed subject to verification by the Invigilator*

- 1) Explain the concept of polarization in the context of antennas. K2 (2)
- 2) What do you mean by the beamwidth of an antenna. K1 (3)
- 3) Explain the concept of the near field and far field in antenna radiation. K2 (4)
- 4) How does increasing the transmitter power impact the link budget, and what are the associated considerations? K2 (6)
- 5) How does the spacing between elements in a linear array affect the array factor and radiation pattern? K3 (6)
- 6) How would you obtain the half-power beamwidth of an antenna from its radiation pattern, demonstrate with an example. K3 (9)
- 7) Compare radian and Steradian. Also define Beam area or Beam solid angle. K4 (8)
- 8) Explain the reciprocity theorem of antenna by illustrating through an example. Also define Aperture efficiency of an antenna? K4 (12)

**OR**

Differentiate between isotropic, directional, and omnidirectional radiation patterns of an antenna. K4 (12)