

ADMISSION NUMBER											

School of Law

Bachelor of Law

Semester End Examination - Nov 2023

Duration : 180 Minutes

Max Marks : 100

Sem V - J1UA506T - Law of Writs

General Instructions

Answer to the specific question asked

Draw neat, labelled diagrams wherever necessary

Approved data hand books are allowed subject to verification by the Invigilator

- 1) The writ of _____ is issued by a higher court to a lower court or tribunal to transfer a case pending with the latter to the former for review. K1 (2)
- 2) Describe the circumstances can a person approach the court seeking a writ? Describe the conditions that must be satisfied for a writ to be issued. K2 (4)
- 3) Explain the concept of "alternative remedies" in the context of writ jurisdiction. K2 (6)
- 4) Mukesh, an environmental activist, learns that a company is dumping hazardous waste into a nearby river, causing severe pollution and endangering the local ecosystem. He wants to take immediate legal action against the company to stop the dumping and protect the environment. Advise Mukesh, with respect to the writ he can seek from the court and the relevant legal principles that would support its issuance. Discuss in support of case laws K3 (9)
- 5) A group of environmental activists has been protesting against a construction project that they believe will cause irreversible damage to a protected forest area. The local authorities have ignored their pleas, and the project is moving forward. Which writ can the activists file to halt the construction and protect the forest? Discuss in support of case laws. K3 (9)
- 6) Discuss the concept of "advisory jurisdiction" of the courts in writ proceedings. K5 (10)
- 7) Examine the historical aspect of evolution of Writs in India. K4 (12)
- 8) Mary's father is unlawfully detained by the police without any charges against him. The police refuse to disclose the reason for his detention. What writ can Mary file to secure her father's release and seek information about the grounds of his detention? Discuss in support of case laws. K5 (15)
- 9) Discuss the differences between Article 226 and Article 32 of the Indian Constitution. In what way the powers of the High Courts and the Supreme Court differ when it comes to issuing writs? Provide a comparative analysis of their respective jurisdictions and limitations. K5 (15)
- 10) XYZ University has expelled a student named Priyam without conducting a proper inquiry and without providing her an opportunity to defend herself. Priyam believes that her expulsion was unjust and wants to challenge the decision. Identify the appropriate writ that she can file, the jurisdiction of the court, and the remedies available to her. Discuss in support of case laws. K6 (18)